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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

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COUNTRY	Bulgaria	REPORT	
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This is UNEVALUATED Information

THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.
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(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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- On 6 May 1953, in Plovdiv and Khaskovo, several hundred tobacco factory workers protested against the exportation of raw tobacco which considerably reduced their work in the factories. On 1 May, the same workers had refused to take part in the parade.
- During June 1953, specialists of a Dupnitsa metallurgical enterprise demonstrated in protest over nonpayment of two months salary. The Minister of Heavy Industry allegedly had to go personally to Dupnitsa.
- In August 1953, the district attorney of Sofia, Petko Petrinski, who represented the public prosecutor in the majority of the great trials held at the court of Sofia in recent years, was allegedly assassinated about a month ago. Several versions of his murder circulated. According to one of them, Petrinski was stopped by a group of twenty individuals while driving from Sofia to Samokov and machine gunned by the brother of a man he had condemned to death.
- The following day, the district attorney of the court of Plovdiv, who had issued a summons against the tobacco workers who demonstrated in May at Plovdiv and Khaskovo, was allegedly machine gunned near Dupnitsa and later hung.
- In July 1953, the Bulgarian authorities allegedly liberated 600 political prisoners, 500 of whom belonged to the old Agrarian Party.
- In July 1953, the flour mills at Yambol, the most important in Bulgaria with the exception of those at Burgas, were set fire to and only the walls remained. Their daily production before the war was 14 carloads.
- In early July 1953, reserves of the 1916-1923 classes were recalled in Varna.
- An airfield for the use of jet planes is allegedly being constructed at Kamenets (N 43-20, E 24-59), five kilometers southwest of Levski (N 43-22, E 25-08), and 42 kilometers east of Pleven.

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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9. A large diesel electric power plant is being constructed in Shabla (N 43-32, E 28-31), located 56 kilometers east of Dobrich, and the center of the region where oil was discovered.

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